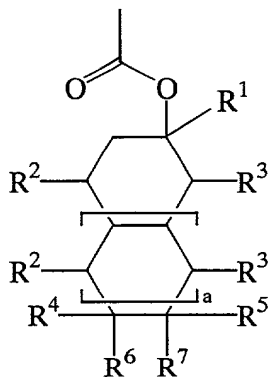


CLAIMS:

1. A polymer containing a group of the following general formula (1) and having a weight average molecular weight of

1,000 to 500,000,



(1)

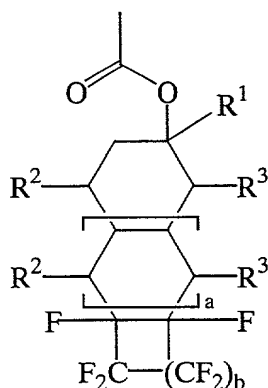
wherein  $R^1$  to  $R^3$  each are hydrogen, fluorine or a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl or fluorinated alkyl group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms,  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  may bond together to form a ring and in that event, each is an alkylene group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms which may contain a hetero atom such as oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen,

$R^4$  and  $R^5$  each are hydrogen or fluorine,

$R^6$  and  $R^7$  each are hydrogen, fluorine or a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl or fluorinated alkyl group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms, at least one of  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  contains at least one fluorine atom,  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  may bond together to form a ring and in that event, each is a straight, branched or cyclic alkylene or fluorinated alkylene group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms, and

"a" is 0 or 1.

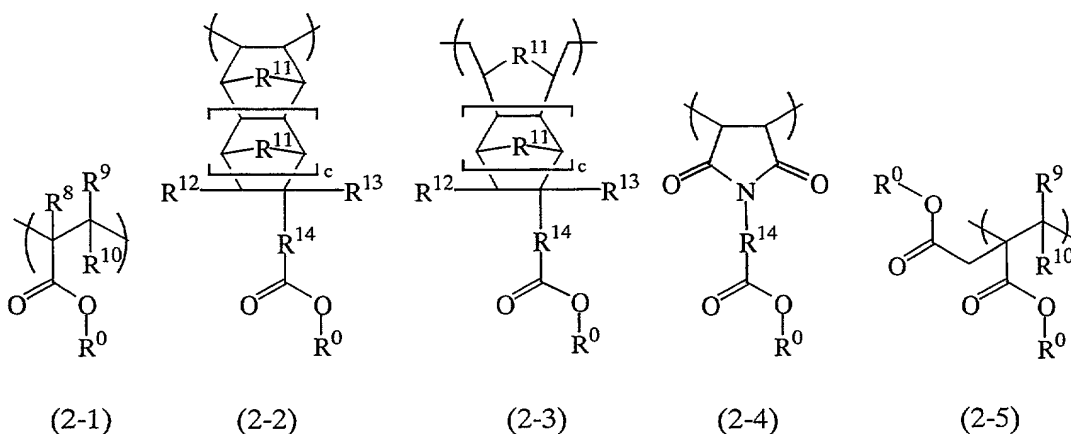
2. The polymer of claim 1 containing a group of the following general formula (1a):



(1a)

wherein  $R^1$  to  $R^3$  each are hydrogen, fluorine or a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl or fluorinated alkyl group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms,  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  may bond together to form a ring and in that event, each is an alkylene group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms which may contain a hetero atom such as oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen, "a" is 0 or 1, and "b" is an integer of 1 to 4.

3. The polymer of claim 1 having a partial structure of any one of the following general formulae (2-1) to (2-5):



(2-1)

(2-2)

(2-3)

(2-4)

(2-5)

wherein  $R^0$  is a group of formula (1) in claim 1 or a group of formula (1a) in claim 2,

R<sup>8</sup> to R<sup>10</sup> each are hydrogen, fluorine or a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl or fluorinated alkyl group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms,

R<sup>11</sup> is a methylene group, oxygen atom or sulfur atom,

R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> each are hydrogen, methyl or CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup>,

R<sup>14</sup> is a straight, branched or cyclic alkylene or fluorinated alkylene group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms,

R<sup>15</sup> is a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl or substituted alkyl group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms, and

"c" is 0 or 1.

4. A resist composition comprising the polymer of claim 1.

5. A chemically amplified, positive resist composition comprising

(A) the polymer of any one of claims 1 to 3,

(B) an organic solvent, and

(C) a photoacid generator.

6. The resist composition of claim 5 further comprising (D) a basic compound.

7. The resist composition of claim 5 further comprising (E) a dissolution inhibitor.

8. A process for forming a resist pattern comprising the steps of:

applying the resist composition of claim 4 onto a substrate to form a coating,

heat treating the coating and then exposing it to high-energy radiation in a wavelength band of 100 to 180 nm or 1 to 30 nm through a photo mask, and

optionally heat treating the exposed coating and developing it with a developer.

9. The pattern forming process of claim 8 wherein the high-energy radiation is an  $F_2$  laser beam,  $Ar_2$  laser beam or soft x-ray.